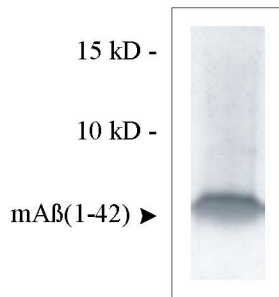
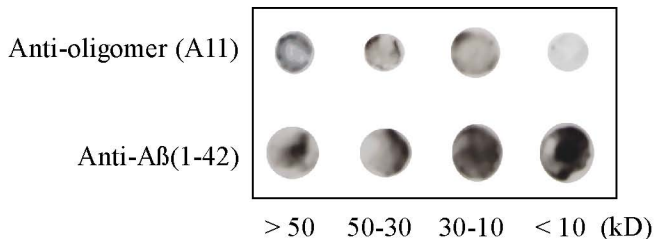


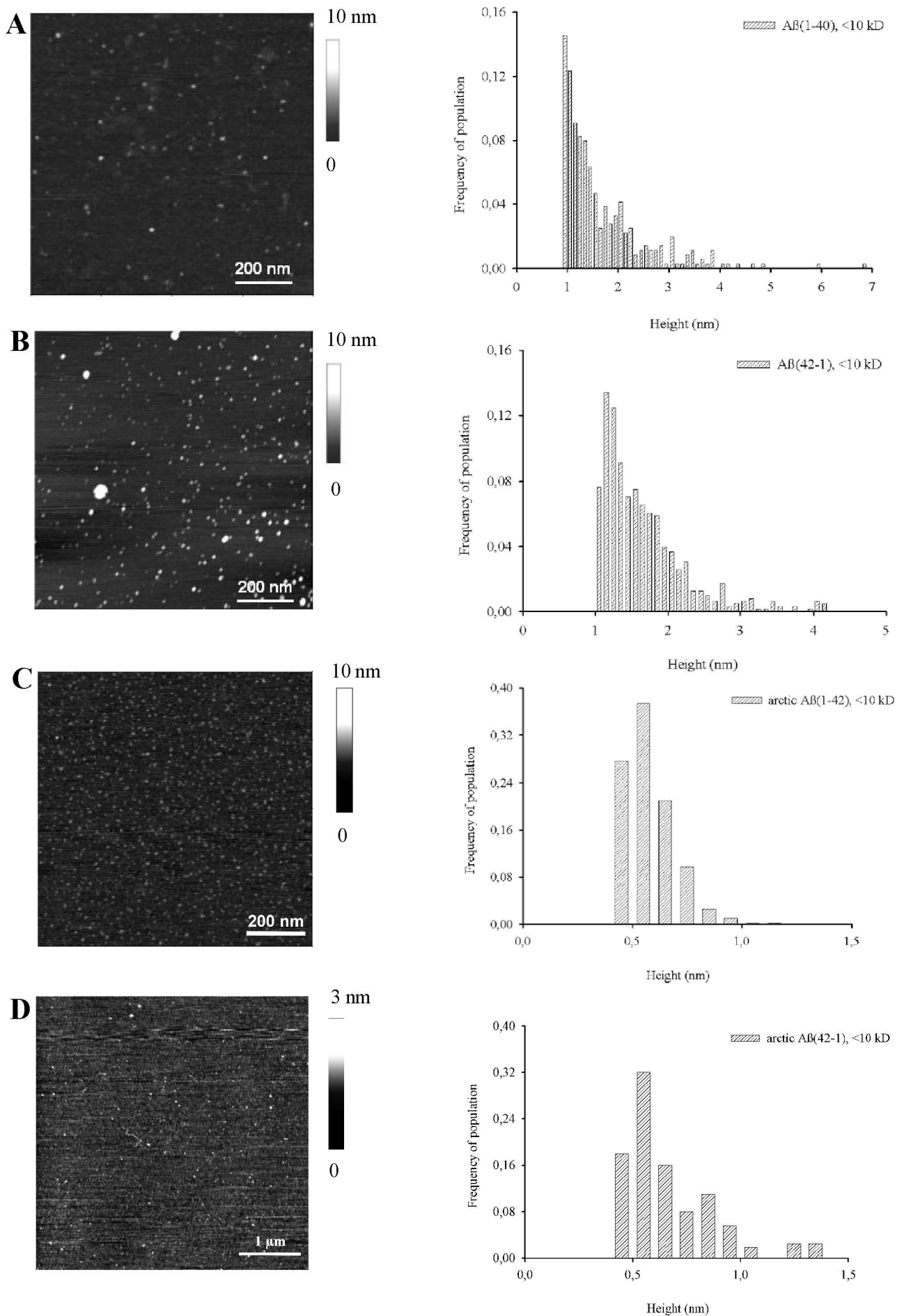
**Supplementary Table 1. NMDA toxicity in pure cortical neuronal cultures in the absence or presence of A $\beta$  (1-42) monomers**

<b>Treatment</b>	<b>Number of dead cells</b>
Control	25 $\pm$ 4.2
NMDA, 300 $\mu$ M	42 $\pm$ 5.3*
NMDA + m A $\beta$ (1-42), 0.1 $\mu$ M	27 $\pm$ 3.8
m A $\beta$ (1-42), 0.1 $\mu$ M	22 $\pm$ 5.6

The number of dead cells determined by trypan blue staining in 3 random microscopic field per dish is shown. Values are means  $\pm$  S.E.M. of 5 determinations. \*p < 0.05 vs. all other determinations (One-way ANOVA + Fisher's PLSD).

**A****B**

**Supplementary Figure 1.** Characterization of Aβ(1-42) monomers. (A) Low-mass Aβ(1-42) fraction (<10 kD) was analyzed by SDS-Page. A single band at about 4 kD consistent with the size of a monomer was detected by coumassie blue staining. (B) Dot blot analysis of the different Aβ(1-42) fractions (0.6 μg each). The anti-Aβ(1-42) antibody binds to all species, whereas the anti-oligomer A11 antibody does not bind the <10 kD fraction.



**Supplementary Figure 2.** AFM imaging of different Aβ peptides. Representative images (left) and frequencies of species (right) in the <10 kD samples of Aβ(1-40) (A), Aβ(42-1) (B), arctic Aβ(1-42) (C) and arctic Aβ(42-1). The monomer fraction of Aβ(1-40) consisted primarily of small globules 1.6 nm in height (Mean  $\pm$  SD:  $1.66 \pm 0.84$ ,  $n=364$ ). The monomer fraction of Aβ(42-1) consisted mainly of small globules 1.6 nm in height (Mean  $\pm$  SD:  $1.65 \pm 0.58$ ,  $n=626$ ). The monomer fractions of arctic Aβ(1-42) and arctic Aβ(42-1) contained primarily very small globules 0.6 nm in height. The respective mean values were:  $0.58 \pm 0.11$  ( $n=1153$ ), and  $0.65 \pm 0.19$  ( $n=104$ ).